

CLASS: focus on Quintessence

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Relevance

- ▶ Simple dynamical alternative to Λ
- ▶ Predictive: can detect/disprove with observations
- ▶ Modifications necessary for (almost) any modified gravity

Outline

1. Quintessence as a simple modification of Λ CDM
2. Implementation of Quintessence in CLASS
3. Introducing other models is easy, and will be (almost) trivial

The essence of Quintessence

- ▶ Scalar field ϕ
- ▶ Think as 1D particle $\phi(t)$: friction + potential

$$\frac{d^2\phi}{dt^2} + 3H \frac{d\phi}{dt} + \frac{dV}{d\phi} = 0$$

The essence of Quintessence

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$$\frac{d^2\phi}{dt^2} + 3H \frac{d\phi}{dt} + \frac{dV}{d\phi} = 0$$

- ▶ Can accelerate the universe

$$H^2 \propto \rho + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\phi}{dt} \right)^2}_{\rho_\phi} + V \longrightarrow V$$

$$-\frac{\ddot{a}}{a} \propto \rho + 3p + \rho_\phi + 3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\phi}{dt} \right)^2 - V \right)}_{p_\phi} \longrightarrow -2V$$

if $\phi \sim \text{constant}$ and $V(\phi) \approx \Lambda$

Quintessence Models

$$\frac{d^2\phi}{dt^2} + 3H\frac{d\phi}{dt} + \frac{dV}{d\phi} = 0$$

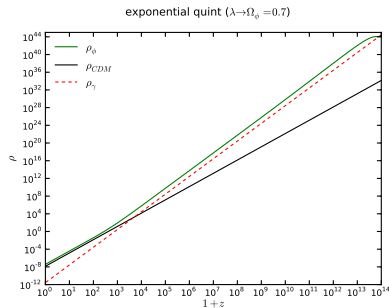
Models characterized by $V(\phi)$ + initial conditions

Exponential quintessence

- ▶ Simplest model

$$V(\phi) = M^4 \exp(-\lambda\phi/M)$$

- ▶ Attractor: $\rho_\phi \propto \rho$
- ▶ \Rightarrow No acceleration



Implementation in CLASS

All modifications under suffix “_scf” = (scalar field)

★ Background (in background.c)

▶ parameters, indices, functions (in background.h)

```
double Omega0_scf; // scalar field energy fraction
```

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```
double Omega0_scf; // scalar field energy fraction
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► Equations: energy & pressure density, field equation

```
background_functions(pba, a, phi, phi_prime, ...) {  
    if (pba->has_scf == TRUE) {  
        pvecback[pba->index_bg_phi_scf] = phi;  
        ...  
        pvecback[pba->index_bg_rho_scf] =  
            (phi_prime*phi_prime/(2*a*a) + V_scf(pba, phi));  
        ...  
        rho_tot += pvecback[pba->index_bg_rho_scf];  
    }  
}
```


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            (phi_prime*phi_prime/(2*a*a) + V_scf(pba, phi));  
        ...  
        rho_tot += pvecback[pba->index_bg_rho_scf];  
    }  
}
```

- ▶ Initial conditions: ϕ , $d\phi/dt$ relative to attractor IC
- ▶ Potential and its derivatives: V, V', V''

Implementation in CLASS II

Getting the right Ω_ϕ

No simple relation $\phi(a) \rightarrow$ need to solve equations

- ▶ choose a starting parameter α_{try} , obtain $\Omega_{\phi,\text{try}}$
- ▶ vary α_{try} it until $|\Omega_{\phi,\text{try}} - \Omega_{\phi,\text{wish}}| < \text{desired precision}$

Requires undersanding of model & parameters

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★ in class.c (for exponential quintessence)

```
#define TUNE_PARAM pba->scf_lambda
int tune_scalar_field_parameters(* ppr, * pba ) {
    ...
    while (fabs(pba->Omega0_scf-Omega0_scf_try) > tolerance){

        TUNE_PARAM=0.5*(scf_TUNE_PARAM_max+scf_TUNE_PARAM_min);

        if (background_init(ppr,pba) == FAILURE) { ... }

        Omega0_scf_try = (value from struct background)
        (change scf_TUNE_PARAM_max and scf_TUNE_PARAM_min)
```

Implementation in CLASS III

★ Perturbations (in perturbations.c)

- ▶ indices for perturbations (in perturbations.h)
- ▶ Equations: energy & pressure density, field equation

```
if (pba->has_scf == TRUE) {  
    ppw->delta_rho += ppw->pvecback[pba->index_bg_dV_scf  
        ]*y[ppw->pv->index_pt_phi_scf] + ...;
```

- ▶ Initial conditions: $\delta\phi$, $\delta d\phi/dt$ set to zero

```
if (pba->has_scf == TRUE) {  
    ppw->pv->y[ppw->pv->index_pt_phi_scf] = 0.;
```

★ Other modifications

- ▶ read parameters (in input.c)

```
class_call(parser_read_double(pfc, "scf_lambda", ...) ...)
```

- ▶ output (in output.c)

Usage and output

★ Input file: choose Ω_{scf} , parameters, initial conditions...

► Λ + early DE: \longrightarrow

`Omega0_scf = .05`

► only scalar field:

`Omega_Lambda = 0`

`Omega fld = 0`

► large initial ϕ, ϕ' :

`initial_phi_scf = 100`

`initial_phi_prime_scf = 100`

► parameters:

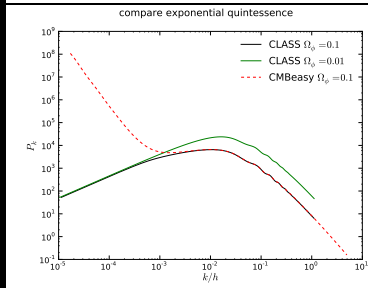
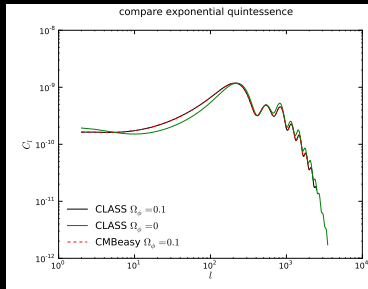
`scf_lambda = 8`

`scf_A = 0.01`

`scf_B = 34.8`

`scf_alpha = 2`

★ Plot the output!



Introducing a new model

Exponential pot. with a bump:

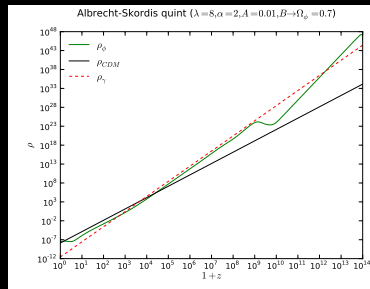
$$\begin{aligned} V(\phi) &= M^4 ((\phi - B)^\alpha + A) e^{-\lambda\phi/M} \\ &= V_p(\phi) V_e(\phi) \end{aligned}$$

Modify:

- ▶ potential + derivatives
- ▶ tuning function
- ▶ (initial conditions)

```
double V_scf(*pba, phi) //Potential V = polynomial*exp
    return V_p_scf(pba, phi)*V_e_scf(pba, phi);

double V_p_scf(*pba, phi) // polynomial factor of V
    return pow(phi-pba->scf_B, pba->scf_alpha) + pba->scf_A;
...
#define TUNE_PARAM pba->scf_B
int tune_scalar_field_parameters(* ppr, * pba ) {
    ...
}
```



The Future...

\exists Many theories: Quintessence, K-essence, Scalar-Tensor/ $f(R)$, Galileons... \in Horndeski theory $X = -(\partial\phi)^2/2$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H = & G_2(X, \phi) - G_3(X, \phi)\Box\phi + G_4R + G_{4,X} [(\Box\phi)^2 - \phi_{;\mu\nu}\phi^{;\mu\nu}] \\ & + G_5G_{\mu\nu}\phi^{;\mu\nu} - \frac{G_{5,X}}{6} \left[(\Box\phi)^3 - 3(\Box\phi)\phi_{;\mu\nu}\phi^{;\mu\nu} + 2\phi_{;\mu}^{;\nu}\phi_{;\nu}^{;\lambda}\phi_{;\lambda}^{;\mu} \right]\end{aligned}$$

Similar modifications, but very complicated equations!

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$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H = & G_2(X, \phi) - G_3(X, \phi) \square\phi + G_4 R + G_{4,X} [(\square\phi)^2 - \phi_{;\mu\nu}\phi^{;\mu\nu}] \\ & + G_5 G_{\mu\nu}\phi^{;\mu\nu} - \frac{G_{5,X}}{6} [(\square\phi)^3 - 3(\square\phi)\phi_{;\mu\nu}\phi^{;\mu\nu} + 2\phi_{;\mu}^{;\nu}\phi_{;\nu}^{;\lambda}\phi_{;\lambda}^{;\mu}]\end{aligned}$$

Similar modifications, but very complicated equations!

Hi-CLASS

- ▶ Horndeski in CLASS
- ▶ Equations already worked out - Bellini & Sawicki arxiv:1403.xxxx
- ▶ User only needs to provide $\{G_i(X, \phi)\}$ (+ tuning + IC): all the terms in the eqs. computed and implemented automatically by a Python wrapper

Conclusions

- ▶ Quintessence is a simple, dynamical alternative to Λ (analogous to inflationary models)
- ▶ It provides all the basic modifications needed to include *almost* any theory of gravity in CLASS
 - ▶ All modifications can be searched through the suffix “_scf”
 - ▶ To be included in a next version of CLASS, can be downloaded from https://github.com/miguelzuma/class_scf
- ▶ Easy to include any other quintessence model. Just change:
 - ▶ Potential & derivatives
 - ▶ Initial conditions
 - ▶ Tuning algorithm
- ▶ Hi-CLASS: soon any* scalar-tensor gravity in CLASS

* Except higher dimensional (e.g. DGP), non-local, Lorentz violating or non 2nd-order Euler-Lagrange variations (e.g. [arXiv:1308.4685](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.4685))