

Introduction to Monte Python

Benjamin Audren

Institute of Theoretical Physics
École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne

31/03/2014

Outline

- 1 Monte Python
 - Goals
 - Design Strategy
- 2 Basic Usage
 - Installation
 - Usage
 - Running strategies
- 3 bonus: git, Github, and why it matters
 - Motivation

Outline

- 1 Monte Python
 - Goals
 - Design Strategy
- 2 Basic Usage
- 3 bonus: git, Github, and why it matters

Goals of Monte Python

Wish list

- **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods

Goals of Monte Python

Wish list

- **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods
- **Modular design** (use other Boltzmann codes, algorithms)

Goals of Monte Python

Wish list

- **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods
- **Modular design** (use other Boltzmann codes, algorithms)
- **Readability** (a code is read more than it is written)

Goals of Monte Python

Wish list

- **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods
- **Modular design** (use other Boltzmann codes, algorithms)
- **Readability** (a code is read more than it is written)
- **Manipulating files** - read, write, renaming

Goals of Monte Python

Wish list

- **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods
- **Modular design** (use other Boltzmann codes, algorithms)
- **Readability** (a code is read more than it is written)
- **Manipulating files** - read, write, renaming
- Using **Existing Library** (for complex computations)

Goals of Monte Python

Wish list

- **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods
- **Modular design** (use other Boltzmann codes, algorithms)
- **Readability** (a code is read more than it is written)
- **Manipulating files** - read, write, renaming
- Using **Existing Library** (for complex computations)
- **Easy to learn, easy to use**

Goals



Goals

Wish Tick list

- ✓ **Interfacing** with CLASS (C), other likelihoods
- ✓ **Modular design** (use other Boltzmann codes, algorithms)
- ✓ **Readability** (a code is read more than it is written)
- ✓ **Manipulating files** - read, write, renaming
- ✓ Using **Existing Library** (for complex computations)
- ✓ **Easy to learn, easy to use**

Design policy of Monte Python

Guidelines

- **Modular structure**: separate I/O, parser, data structures, sampler, interface with the cosmological module, plotting: **Tuesday**

Design policy of Monte Python

Guidelines

- **Modular structure**: separate I/O, parser, data structures, sampler, interface with the cosmological module, plotting: **Tuesday**
- **Remembering a run**: you must be able to reproduce a run done some time ago (**version control, folder based**)

Design policy of Monte Python

Guidelines

- **Modular structure**: separate I/O, parser, data structures, sampler, interface with the cosmological module, plotting: **Tuesday**
- **Remembering a run**: you must be able to reproduce a run done some time ago (**version control, folder based**)
- **Intelligent communication with CLASS**: if CLASS knows how to do it, you can ask for it.

Design policy of Monte Python

Guidelines

- **Modular structure**: separate I/O, parser, data structures, sampler, interface with the cosmological module, plotting: **Tuesday**
- **Remembering a run**: you must be able to reproduce a run done some time ago (**version control, folder based**)
- **Intelligent communication with CLASS**: if CLASS knows how to do it, you can ask for it.
- **Convenient Plotting**: since a folder will be self contained, with all the information, producing a plot out of this folder should be easy.

Design policy of Monte Python

Guidelines

- **Modular structure**: separate I/O, parser, data structures, sampler, interface with the cosmological module, plotting: **Tuesday**
- **Remembering a run**: you must be able to reproduce a run done some time ago (**version control, folder based**)
- **Intelligent communication with CLASS**: if CLASS knows how to do it, you can ask for it.
- **Convenient Plotting**: since a folder will be self contained, with all the information, producing a plot out of this folder should be easy.
- **Using mock data**: there must be a way to handle mock data easily.

Conclusion on design

You tell me !

We'll see in the coming days if it works !

Outline

- 1 Monte Python
- 2 Basic Usage
 - Installation
 - Usage
 - Running strategies
- 3 bonus: git, Github, and why it matters

Installation

Compile the wrapper

```
cd class; make;  
cd python; python setup.py install --user
```

Download

<http://montepython.net> or
https://github.com/audren/montepython_public/releases

Unzip

```
bunzip2 montepython_v2.0.2.tar.bz2  
tar -xvf montepython_v2.0.2.tar
```

Configure

```
cp default.conf.template default.conf  
edit it to match your path
```

Parser

Common arguments

```
python montepython/MontePython.py plus...
```

- *A minima*: `-o chains/planck -p example.param`

Parser

Common arguments

`python montepython/MontePython.py plus...`

- *A minima*: `-o chains/planck -p example.param`
- you can add: `-conf myconf.conf` or modify `default.conf`

Parser

Common arguments

`python montepython/MontePython.py plus...`

- *A minima*: `-o chains/planck -p example.param`
- you can add: `-conf myconf.conf` or modify `default.conf`
- `-N 1000` **Number of proposed steps**

Parser

Common arguments

`python montepython/MontePython.py plus...`

- *A minima*: `-o chains/planck -p example.param`
- you can add: `-conf myconf.conf` or modify `default.conf`
- `-N 1000`
- `-c covmat/old.covmat` **better proposal density**

Parser

Common arguments

`python montepython/MontePython.py plus...`

- *A minima*: `-o chains/planck -p example.param`
- you can add: `-conf myconf.conf` or modify `default.conf`
- `-N 1000`
- `-c covmat/old.covmat`
- `-j fast` for a fast Cholesky decomposition sampling

Parser

Common arguments

`python montepython/MontePython.py` plus...

- *A minima*: `-o chains/planck -p example.param`
- you can add: `-conf myconf.conf` or modify `default.conf`
- `-N 1000`
- `-c covmat/old.covmat`
- `-j fast` for a fast Cholesky decomposition sampling
- `-m NS` to use **MultiNest and the Nested Sampling algorithm**

Input Parameter File

```
data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b']      = [2.249,   -1,-1, 0.016, 0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm']    = [0.1120,  -1,-1, 0.0016,1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s']          = [0.963,   -1,-1, 0.004, 1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s']          = [2.42,     -1,-1, 0.038, 1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h']            = [0.703,    -1,-1, 0.0065,1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio']     = [0.085,    -1,-1, 0.0044,1,   'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio']       = [0,        -1, -1, 0,1,   'derived']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0,        -1, -1, 0,1,   'derived']

data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046

data.N=10

data.write_step=5
```

Input Parameter File

```

data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b'] = [2.249, -1,-1, 0.016, 0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm'] = [0.1120, -1,-1, 0.0016,1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s'] = [0.963, -1,-1, 0.004, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s'] = [2.42, -1,-1, 0.038, 1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h'] = [0.703, -1,-1, 0.0065,1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio'] = [0.085, -1,-1, 0.0044,1, 'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio'] = [10, -1, -1, 0,1, 'derived']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0, -1, -1, 0,1, 'derived']

data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046

data.N=10

data.write_step=5

```

Mean values

Input Parameter File

```
data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b'] = [2.249, -1,-1, 0.016, 0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm'] = [0.1120, -1,-1, 0.0016, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s'] = [0.963, -1,-1, 0.004, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s'] = [2.42, -1,-1, 0.038, 1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h'] = [0.703, -1,-1, 0.0065, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio'] = [0.085, -1,-1, 0.0044, 1, 'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio'] = [0.05, 0.05, 0.05, 0.05, 'derived']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 'derived']

data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046

data.N=10

data.write_step=5
```

Input Parameter File

```

data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b']      = [2.249,   -1,-1,  0.016,  0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm']    = [0.1120,  -1,-1,  0.0016, 1,    'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s']          = [0.963,   -1,-1,  0.004,  1,    'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s']          = [2.42,     -1,-1,  0.038,  1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h']            = [0.703,    -1,-1,  0.0065, 1,    'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio']     = [0.085,    -1,-1,  0.0044, 1,    'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio']        = [0,        -1, -1,  1 $\sigma$  proposal, 'derived']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0,        -1, -1,  1 $\sigma$  proposal, 'derived']

data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046

data.N=10

data.write_step=5

```

Input Parameter File

```

data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b']      = [2.249,   -1,-1, 0.016, 0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm']    = [0.1120,  -1,-1, 0.0016, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s']          = [0.963,   -1,-1, 0.004, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s']          = [2.42,     -1,-1, 0.038, 1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h']            = [0.703,    -1,-1, 0.0065, 1, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio']     = [0.085,    -1,-1, 0.0044, 1, 'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio']        = [0,        -1, -1, 0, scale, 'derived']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0,        -1, -1, 0, 1, 'derived']

data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046

data.N=10

data.write_step=5

```

Input Parameter File

```

data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b']      = [2.249,   -1,-1, 0.016, 0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm']    = [0.1120,  -1,-1, 0.0016,1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s']          = [0.963,   -1,-1, 0.004, 1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s']          = [2.42,     -1,-1, 0.038, 1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h']            = [0.703,    -1,-1, 0.0065,1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio']     = [0.085,    -1,-1, 0.0044,1,   'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio']       = [0,        -1, -1, 0,1,   'd type d']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0,        -1, -1, 0,1,   'derived']

data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046

data.N=10

data.write_step=5

```

Input Parameter File

```
data.experiments=['fake_planck_bluebook']

# Cosmological parameters list
data.parameters['omega_b']      = [2.249,   -1,-1, 0.016, 0.01, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['omega_cdm']    = [0.1120,  -1,-1, 0.0016,1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['n_s']          = [0.963,   -1,-1, 0.004, 1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['A_s']          = [2.42,     -1,-1, 0.038, 1e-9, 'cosmo']
data.parameters['h']            = [0.703,    -1,-1, 0.0065,1,   'cosmo']
data.parameters['tau_reio']     = [0.085,    -1,-1, 0.0044,1,   'cosmo']

# Derived parameter list
data.parameters['z_reio']       = [0,        -1, -1, 0,1,   'derived']
data.parameters['Omega_Lambda'] = [0,        -1, -1, 0,1,   'derived']

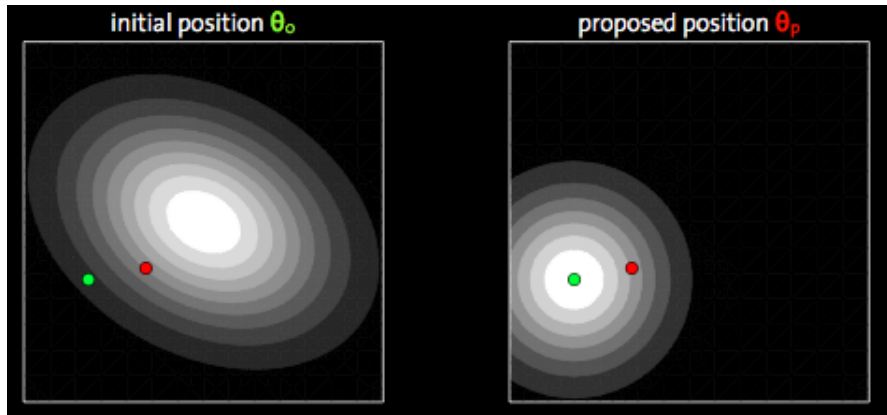
data.cosmo_arguments['N_eff'] = 3.046
```

```
data.N=10
```

```
data.write_step=5
```

Number of steps, write buffer

Reminder from lecture 1



Types of parameter

cosmological

- **known to Class (can define tricks)**
- **must be compatible (as in `explanatory.ini`)**

Types of parameter

cosmological

- known to Class (can define tricks)
- must be compatible (as in `explanatory.ini`)

derived

- **known to Class**
- **can be redundant**

Types of parameter

cosmological

- known to Class (can define tricks)
- must be compatible (as in `explanatory.ini`)

derived

- known to Class
- can be redundant

nuisance

- **As the name indicates...**
-

Types of parameter

cosmological

- known to Class (can define tricks)
- must be compatible (as in `explanatory.ini`)

derived

- known to Class
- can be redundant

nuisance

- As the name indicates. . .
- **Needed pain**

Warning!

Input parameter file and log.param

- When a folder is **created**, a file `log.param` is written, copying information from param and likelihoods.
- When a new chain is launched, **the input file is not read any more**, only the `log.param`

Configuration File

```
root = '/Users/benjaminAudren/Desktop/professional/codes'  
path['cosmo'] = root+'/class/'
```

Usage: summary

After installation

- `cp default.conf.template default.conf` and edit
- `python montepython/MontePython.py -o chains/test -p example.param`

Running strategies

Starting

- Choosing **experiments** to combine - **careful with that**
- Varying **parameters**, proposal distribution
- After M ($\simeq 10$) chains of N ($\simeq 10000$) points, **analyze**

Main

- Feed the new found **covariance matrix** to new runs.
- Analyze **only these new chains**
- Compare best-fit likelihood, or evidence, read parameter constraints

What Monte Python does for you

Convenience

- No need to choose a name for your chain

What Monte Python does for you

Convenience

- No need to choose a name for your chain
- Can use a covariance matrix with partial information

What Monte Python does for you

Convenience

- No need to choose a name for your chain
- Can use a covariance matrix with partial information
- Can analyze only certain chains

Outline

- 1 Monte Python
- 2 Basic Usage
- 3 bonus: git, Github, and why it matters
 - Motivation

Version Control

Survey

CVS, SVN, git, mercurial?

Who uses it daily (weekly? ever?)

Version Control

Survey

CVS, SVN, git, mercurial?

Who uses it daily (weekly? ever?)

Why bother?

Any (complex enough) code **has** bugs. We are in science, how do we deal with it?

Version Control

Survey

CVS, SVN, git, mercurial?

Who uses it daily (weekly? ever?)

Why bother?

Any (complex enough) code **has** bugs. We are in science, how do we deal with it?

Solution

open-source, **documented**, **version-controlled**
software

Motivation

What is Version Control ?

- System that keeps tracks of different **versions** of a code (several file), tracking its entire **history** of creation.
- Accessible from a **central repository**, that stores all the versions, and allow communication between developers.
- Can revert to a previous version to **reproduce** exactly the behaviour at a certain time (bug hunting)

Why does it matter?

Version Control in general

Pros

- Hard-drive failure safe
- Programmer's stupidity safe
- Bug-hunting made easier
- Collaborating
- Robustness

Why does it matter?

Version Control in general

Pros

- Hard-drive failure safe
- Programmer's stupidity safe
- Bug-hunting made easier
- Collaborating
- Robustness

Cons

- getting use to (g)it ...

Softwares

Version Control Softwares

- CVS (Concurrent Versions System)
- Apache Subversion (SVN)
- Git

Softwares

Version Control Softwares

- CVS (Concurrent Versions System)
- Apache Subversion (SVN)
- **Git**

Differences between svn/git

git vs **svn**, both

+ remote repositories

Differences between svn/git

git vs **svn**, both

- + remote repositories
- + good merging capabilities

Differences between svn/git

git vs svn, both

- + remote repositories
- + good merging capabilities
- + local repository is an entire copy

Differences between svn/git

git vs svn, both

- + remote repositories
- + good merging capabilities
- + local repository is an entire copy
- + offline work

Differences between svn/git

git vs svn, both

- + remote repositories
- + good merging capabilities
- + local repository is an entire copy
- + offline work
- + pull-request system (user submitted patch)

Differences between svn/git

git vs svn, both

- + remote repositories
- + good merging capabilities
- + local repository is an entire copy
- + offline work
- + pull-request system (user submitted patch)

Git it is then !

Hosted on Github!

Github

CLASS and Monte Python

Code hosted on Github

- nice code browsing
- diff and downloads of old versions
- easy integration of contributions (forks)
- Wiki complementing the documentation
- Issues (\simeq forum, suggestions)

How to use it?

Without too much effort?

Install git on your machine

- Debian-based: `sudo apt-get install git`
- Mac OS X: `sudo port install git-core +svn +doc`
- Windows: <http://msysgit.github.com/>

How to use it?

Without too much effort?

Install git on your machine

- Debian-based: `sudo apt-get install git`
- Mac OS X: `sudo port install git-core +svn +doc`
- Windows: <http://msysgit.github.com/>

Install CLASS and Monte Python via git...

```
cd codes/  
git clone https://github.com/lesgourg/class_public.git class  
git clone https://github.com/naudren/montepython_public.git montepython
```

Why using it for yourself?

Isn't the zipped file enough?...

Why bother?

- Implemented -insert fancy model here- in CLASS?

Why using it for yourself?

Isn't the zipped file enough?...

Why bother?

- Implemented -insert fancy model here- in CLASS?
- It was an old version, and CLASS did not have non-flat universes?

Why using it for yourself?

Isn't the zipped file enough?...

Why bother?

- Implemented -insert fancy model here- in CLASS?
- It was an old version, and CLASS did not have non-flat universes?
- Should you go through all the changes you did, and reimplement them in the new CLASS or vice-versa?

Why using it for yourself?

Isn't the zipped file enough?...

Why bother?

- Implemented -insert fancy model here- in CLASS?
- It was an old version, and CLASS did not have non-flat universes?
- Should you go through all the changes you did, and reimplement them in the new CLASS or vice-versa?
- **Not a(s big a) problem with version control - simply merge**

How does it work in practice?

See you on Thursday!